Big Four Earnings. The following is a statement of the earnings of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago road for the four months since the close of the fiscal year, ending June 30:

Earnings 4 months to Oct. 31......\$956.237.51 \$949.278.69 Operating expenses. 615,384.51 563,841.17

Net earnings.....\$340,853.00 \$385,437.52 Deduct for proceeds of fixed charges, less income from

investment...... 152,000.00 150,021.28 \$188,853.00 \$235,416.28 Less proceeds 5 per

\$10,000,090 capital stock ........ 166,666.67 166,666.67

\$22,186.33 \$68,749.57 It will be seen that there was an increase in gross receipts, but a decrease in the surplus, owing to heavier betterment charges, which were included in the operating expenses. The amount charged to operating expenses this year for rails, ties and fuel was \$104,000, against \$64,000 last year. The road earned in the first ten months of 1888, \$1,966,689, against \$1,992,-832 for the corresponding period of 1887.

Resignation of a Passenger Agent. CHICAGO, Nov. 26.-E. A. Holbrook, general passenger agent of the Rock Island, has tendered his resignation to take effect Dec. 1. He goes to San Francisco to become general agent of the Chicago & Northwestern at that point, vice H. P. Stanwood, deceased. This change is prompted by the illness of Mr. Holbrook's two children, whose failing health has made it necessary to seek a change of climate for them. His place will not be filled at once, the assistant general passenger agent, G. H. Smith, taking charge of the office for the present.

Personal, Local and State Notes. The directors of the American Express Company have declared a dividend of \$3 per share, payable Jan. 2.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Western Classification Association will be held in Chicago on Dec. 4.

A meeting of the general managers of the roads in the Central Traffic Association has been called for Friday, Nov. 30, in Chicago. E. D. Spear has been appointed Northern passenger agent of the Missouri, Kansas &

Texas road, with headquarters at Chicago. The Vandalia, last night, brought in from the West two heavily-loaded stock trains, and over the I. & St. L. the recespts were also heavy. Calvin S. Brice has been re-elected president, Henry Robinson vice-president, and L. M. Schwan secretary, of the Lake Erie & Western

The passenger rate-sheet of the roads in the Central Traffic territory will be issued hereafter quarterly, instead of monthly, as an economical

Peter Hamilton, who during the war was president and general manager of the Mobile & Ohio road, died last week in Mobile, aged seventy-seven years.

John N. Abbott. formerly general passenger agent of the Erie road, it is said, has been offered the position of general passenger agent of the New York Central road. It is stated that among all the trunk lines the

Pennsylvania has done relatively best under the interstate-commerce law, and that the New York Central has done the next best. It is stated that the disastrous freight rate war which has prevailed in the Southwest for a

long time past has been settled by a preliminary

arrangement between the lines interested. Chicago business men are already kicking on the demorrage charging plan adopted by the roads centering at Chicago two weeks ago. They say it is driving business to the more southern

The belief is becoming more general that the railroad interests are using their power to demoralize rates in order to secure legislation satisfactory to them in connection with the inter-

It is stated that the Pennsylvania, which has for some time past been charging demurrage on both its Eastern and Western systems, has already succeeded in accelerating the movement of cars materially.

The committee of Toledo and Wabash equipment bondholders have notified those who wish to join in the proceedings to enforce the lien on such bonds, instituted by ex-Governor Hoadly, counsel for the committee, that they must do so before Dec. 10.

The indications are that the shipments of live stock from Kansas City east over the Indianapolis lines are to be much heavier this fall and winter than in any former year. This is due to the fact that there will be no discrimination in rates to Chicago, as in times past.

The quickest train which the Pernsylvania has running between Philadelphia and Washing ton makes the run in three hours and twenty two minutes. The Baltimore & Ohio has now put on one to make the run between those cities in three hours and fifteen minutes.

The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago people announce that they will build a cozy depot at Howlands and continue it as one of their stations. Yesterday, fully 125 teams and 200 men were engaged in grading the extension from that point to Massachusetts avenue.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis. which has two switching engines in service, has been taking advantage of the situation by running over to the stockyards and securing stock for Cincinnati. On Sunday this road hauled twenty-one car-loads south, and yesterday fifteen

The citizens of North Baltimore, Wood county, Ohio, have submitted a proposition to the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company to extend its Bowling Green division to North Baltimore, a distance of fourteen miles. and the company is favorably considering the

The Bee-line, the Chicago, St. Louis & Pittsburg, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis, and the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago yesterday afternoon notified the shippers at the stock-yards that they were again ready to receive livestock and forward it

The relations between the Louisville, New Alban, & Chicago and the Lake Erie & Westorn are becoming more friendly and a proposition is being considered by the officials of the two companies to use their tracks, when the former has completed its track between Howlands and Massachusetts avenue, as a double

The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago road makes a bad showing of earnings in the second week of November, owing to the short strike of brakemen which they had. The earnings of the week were \$37,625, against \$47,351 in the corresponding week of 1887. The gross earnings since Jan. 1 were \$1,978,993, against \$1,981,-868 in the corresponding months of 1887.

A few days ago, Andrew Lovejoy, a brakeman on the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago road, had three of his fingers crushed between the draw-bars, and his hand was held in the vise for seven minutes before it was released, and although almost faintling from loss of blood, he told his next man to flag a train which was almost due, lest their train did not get out

The movement to heat coaches by steam has become so general that it is quite likely that the | have never been afforded the luxury of an East-Legislature of Indiana, in the coming winter, will pass laws on the subject similar to those of several other States. New York and the New England States have siready taken action and a large 'per cent. of their equipment is now arranged for heating the trains by steam from the locomotive. The Railroad Commissioners of Minnesota are to make reports to the Legislature of that State at their coming session, and in Michigan the new law providing for safe heating took effect the first of this month. The commission of Michigan is very reasonable in its requirements. The railroad companies have been notified to remove all fragile stoves and heaters, but where the most approved hot water heaters are used the commissioners will not order them out until the new methods of heating trains are more fully tested.

Miscellaneous Items.

Four serious wrecks, in which lives were lost, occurred this month through a confusion of

On Sunday next the Baltimore & Ohio will withdraw from the Castle Garden joint ticket

Track-laying was completed last week on the St. Louis, Arkansas & Texas road to Delta, Mo. Connection is made there with the Missouri

Duluth is making a vigorous effort to secure the Grant locomotive-works, which are to be moved West. The management of the works has agreed to consider their request for a hear-

The receivers of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas | he heard a general guffaw behind him. goad will ask the court for permission to issue one million dollars of receivers' certificates, to be used in putting the road in good running

Last week the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy ordered fifteen new locomotives, and the Union Pacific fifty, twenty-five of them from the past years. The manufacturers of the "Garland Schenectady locomotive-works and twenty-five Stoves and Ranges" must certainly have adopted from the Rhode Island locomotive-works. The | the motto, "Let us go on unto perfection."

Lake Shore is in the market for nine new engines, three to be heavy ones for passenger-

The North Chicago Rolling-mill Company is now running fourteen boilers at its South Chicago rail-mill, exclusively with oil as a fuel, and the experiment, thus far, has been very satis-

The Illinois Central, beginning with Wednesday, will, once a week, run through sleeping coaches between Chicago and Los Angeles, via New Orleans. The arrangement is to be in operation during the winter months.

The annual report of the Railroad Commission of the State of Kentucky, just published, shows that there are in the State 2.3711 miles of railroad, the mileage being increased this year 400 miles. Thirty-four roads appear in the list.

The stock of the Baltimore & Ohio road has advanced nine points since President Spencer's annual report was made public. One of the surprises of the report was that the company owed the syndicate but \$3,700,000. The original sum was \$10,000,000.

The South Mountain Pennsylvania, an almost abandoned road, has suddenly become very important, and three roads are now seeking to se care control of it. The road was built in 1854. The building of the Poughkeepsie bridge gives the line its improved value.

The east-bound shipments of flour, grain and provisions by the lines in the Central Traffic Association, last week, aggregated 33.924 tons, against 30,658 for the previous week, an increase of 3,266 tons, and against 28,204 for the corresponding week of 1887, an increase of 2,327 tons. The Vanderbilt lines carried most of the business.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Street-Car Mail-Boxes. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

Your issue of this morning says that an enterprising man of Baltimore has a new idea, that of placing locked boxes on the street-cars, in which mail matter can be put and these boxes left by the passing cars at the postoffice. Like many other men of new ideas the inventor of this one must step down and out for his claim to having something new. This plan of collecting the mail was in practical use and run-ning order in the city of Chicago many years ago. Why it was discontinued I do not know, but it certainly was a great convenience to those living in districts not reached by carriers, or where collections were made only twice a day. INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 26.

The Private Soldier's Claim.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: What I want to know is, what is the matter with the private soldier! He seems to be all right through a campaign, to work, to do anything for success, and on election day to put in the whole day at the polis; he was all right during the war, to fight, stand picket, and it was not for pay, sure. I have not yet seen any mention of a private soldier for an appointment. Why should all those appointments be filled by officers? I should think a private soldier could fill the place of Commissioner of Pensions, and there are places in the State that they could fill. Why is it that we are not thought of? Is it because it would not be popular? or is it because we are poor men? It would not have been possible to have done without us this fall at the election. We could not have party demonstrations without the old soldiers, for they are the only men that would get right down in the mud and march all day for a party they loved. Of course, we got little places, but we helped to put our men in big places. We have no complaint to make against General Harrison or General Hovey for being generals in the army; it was right that they were commissioned as generals, and we might have looked all over the State for men to run for President and Gov-

ernor and not have bettered it anywhere. I believe they will do in the future as they have in the past-just right. I want it understood that I would work day and night for General Harrison or General Hovey for anything they should want or the party should want them to have. I am now, as I have always been before they were nominated, for Harrison and Hovey first, last and all the time; but the question is, who will fill the offices that are to be filled by appointment? In the G. A. R. it is almost impossible to make a private soldier Department Commander. If the old soldier is not recognized in some way we will be sorry sometime. See how the Cleveland administration went out of power through disregard of the private soldier. What right has any one to say to General Harrison or General Hovey whom they shall appoint to office? Suppose Gen. Harrison should put an old soldier in the White House as his private secretary or assistant secretary, and in the pension offices, and General Hovey should appoint one as his Adjutant-general, or Mine Inspector, or almost fill up the appointive offices. It might not be popular with some people, but it would make General Harrison and Hovey popular. What is it that makes Hon. Joseph B. Cheadle. M. C., so popular? It is because he stands by the private soldier, and for the very same reason General Hovey is popular. I am a Republican, and will vote the

have been making the appointments for General Harrison and General Hovey shall tell what's the matter with the old private soldiers, and why would they not make good officers. PRIVATE, THREE YEARS' SERVICE.

ROSSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 24.

ticket if they never appoint a soldier to office,

but what I want is that those gentlemen who

LIKE SOME WHITE POLITICIANS. Standing Rock Sioux Want to See General

Harrison Before His Inauguration.

Special to Chicago News. A delegation of Sioux chiefs, headed by Sitting Bull, astonished the headquarters this afternoon by asking permission to visit Indianapolis some time this winter, or any time before President-elect Harrison's inauguration, but were peremptorily refused. They sullenly departed, and it is thought that they will hold an early council to determine an immediate action. Sitting Bull acted as spokesman on this occasion, and briefly stated that himself and brethren had been long and carefully considering the Sioux reservation matter and would like a big talk with the new Great Father before his going into office. Their main object in visiting General Harrison is to ascertain his true position in regard to the treaty. Chief John Grass wants to call on Cleveland, but his brothers will not consent to this, as they do not care to visit the President. It appears that they are of the Republican persuasion. When they recently visited the President all was not so agreeable as has been supposed. Sitting Bull has been generally considered an ardent admirer of Cleveland, but when the chiefs visited him last month the President failed to invite them to dine in the White House. Mr. Bull, on all his former visits, was allowed this privilege, and he feels very much slighted. Gall is hapry over Harrison's election, while Grass steadfastly refuses to part company with a Cleveland campaign hat which he wore on his return from Washington, and in which he presents a most swkward and comical appearance. These chiefs are beginning to be restless at the agency, and are a source of much annoyance. Their numerous trips in the East, the change of location and scenery, and the many alluring sights of a great city, have imbued them with a desire to be continually on the railroad, traveling from place to place. This causes a great deal of jealousy among the younger element of the Sioux who ern journey, and it is manifest that trouble is

brewing. New Duties for a "Masher."

New York Tribune. Yesterday afternoon a pretty young man sat opposite a prettier young woman on a Ninth-avenue elevated train. The male charmer had tried his best to win a smile from the sweet creature opposite, but he had failed dismally. At Desbrosses street she left the car, and, burdened with two values, a small satchel and an umbrells, she tripped laboriously down stairs. The young man followed, and just as he arrived at the foot of the stairs he heard her ask the newsvender: "I beg your pardon, but can you get me some one who wants to make 10 cents by carrying my luggage to the ferry!

An inspiration struck the "masher," and turning suddenly, he remarked: "I should be glad to earn that money." "Very well," replied the young woman in a business-like way, dropping her bundles, "take

That ended the romance. The Romeo attempted to walk at the beauty's side, but was promptly ordered to waik behind, and a crowd from Jersey City were treated to a funny sight. When the two principals in the comedy arrived at the ferry-house, amid the snickers of a score of cab drivers, the young woman stopped, and turning, she said in a loud voice: "Set them down there! That's right! Here's your dime. The amateur porter grew scarlet amid the stares of a hundred people, but he took the ten

WE were of the opinion last season that the "Garland Stoves and Ranges" had reached a state of perfection beyond which they could not very well be carried, but the '88 patterns are as great a surprise as the artistic productions of Mr. Walker declared the work could be done under his cheme for \$3,000,000. Of course Mr.

CULLINGS FROM THE COURTS.

The Case of the Goodland Merchant Goes to the Jury.

The trial, in the United States Court, of Wm. Bains, the Goodland merchant, on the charge of passing counterfeit \$5 silver certificates, has been prolonged by argument, the attorneys for the defense, W. N. Harding, of this city, and S. P. Thompson, of Rensselaer, making a determined fight for their client. They sought to show that he knew nothing of what his brother John was doing the two being business partners. It was brought out in the trial, though, that William deposited some of the money in bank, and that on another occasion he offered more of the spurious bills, when it was refused. He said that he did not know such money was in the package. John Bains has pleaded guilty, and on the witness stand said that it was he who purchased the certificates. Judge Woods charged the jury at a late bour last night, and it retired, but go verdict was reached up to 11

Needs of the Supreme Court. Members of the bar of the Supreme Court will meet at the Supreme Court room in the Statehouse, to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, to consider the subject of providing by law additional judges of the Supreme Court, or of an assistant commission in aid of that court. It will also take into consideration the establishing of an additional Court of Appeals, and other appropriate legislation. The call for this meeting has been signed by many members of the bar, among whom are John B. Elam, William Wallace, John L. Griffiths, John Coburn, John T. Dye, D. M. Bradbury, James M. Cropsey, John M. Butler, Stanton J. Peelle, Edward Daniels, W. W. Herod, W. P. Herod, H. J. Milligan, Howard Cale, H. F. Stevenson, S. Claypool, P. Norton, Lucius B. Swift, James W. Harper, James Sulgrove and Elmer Marshall.

A Prisoner Shot in the Leg.

Walter Jacobs and Otto Scarce, who were, it is charged, implicated with Ted Smith in the robbery of Mrs. Tutewiler's residence, Sunday night, were arrested yesterday morning by detectives Thornton and Joyce. The officers met the men on Kentucky avenue, and Jacobs surrendered. Scarce ran, and was about getting away, when Thornton drew his revolver and shot him in the leg. The wound is very slight, and will give the prisoner no trouble. Both said they were ready to plead guilty and receive their sentence. Smith is held to await the grand

Attorney Patterson Fined.

The trial of William Patterson, the attorney, charged with interfering with a political meeting at Tomlinson Hall during the campaign, was concluded in the Mayor's court yesterday afternoon. The jury found him guilty and assessed a fine of \$5. If the finding stands, Mr. Patterson's suit against the city officers for \$15,-000 damages on account of the arrest, will like-

A suit was begun yesterday by Amelia B. Mansur against William S. Barkley, executor of the will of James G. Douglass, and all the legatees, to foreclose a mortgage on the property of the deceased which calls for \$12,000. The mertgage was held as security for two promissory notes of \$5,000 each.

Suit on Heavy Mortgage.

His Drunkenness Saved Him. Michael C. Boyle, indicted for robbery, was

arraigned in the Criminal Court, yesterday morning. The evidence showed that his crime had been committed while he was drunk, and the charge was changed to assault and battery. He pleaded guilty to that charge, and was fined

Amiel Wundrum, Harry Kohenuller and Chas. Wiles, arrested Saturday evening, on the charge of attempting to kill John Knurr and son, have had their preliminary trial before the Mayor continued until the 28th inst. They have been released on bond.

Had Their Case Continued.

The Court Record.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. No. 13085. Wm. R. Crawford et al. vs. Chas. Hazzelrigg. Decatur C. C. Reversed. Howk, C. J.-Where a married woman has joined her husband in the execution of a mortgage on his real estate to indemnify and save harmless an inderser or surety upon the nots or debt of her husband, or of him and others, in event of a suit she may avail berself of any valid, legal or equitable defense to prevent the sale of her inchoate interest in such real estate should she survive her husband, or on judicial sale thereof. If, after the execution of such a mortgage, the note therein described was changed or altered with the consent of the mortgagee and without the knowledge of such married woman, her inchoate interest is thereby released, if such change releases the liability of one of the joint makers. But the mere extension of the time for a valid consideration would not affect her rights or release her inchoate interest. The six years' limitation does not apply to a mortgage

wherein the mortgageor expressly agrees to pay the sum of money thereby secured. No. 14600. John Wagner vs. State of Indiana. Marion Criminal C. Affirmed. Zollars, J.-A. witness can be impeached by statements made out of court only where those statements are contradictory of his statements on the witnessstand. If the two statements can be reconciled the one made out of court will not be received to impeach the witness. The Supreme Court will disregard technical errors or defects in criminal cases, which, in their opinion, do not prejudice the substantial rights of the defendant. Where instructions, though erroneous, are not applicable to the evidence and cannot, there-

fore, be supposed to affect the result, the Supreme Court will not reverse the case. No. 13403. Joseph N. Pleenor et al. vs. Thos. J. Taggart, sheriff. Brown C. C. Affirmed. Niblack, J.-Judgments on bonds, payable to the State, bind real estate of the defendants from the commencement of the action. An amendment which does not set up a new cause of action, and does not involve the statute of limitations, relates back to the time of the filing of the complaint.

SUPERIOR COURT. Room 2-Hon. D. W. Howe, Judge. James A. Everest vs. M. Balfour; account. On trial by jury.

New Suits Filed. Charles J. Hartrock vs. Thomas J. Slaven: complaint on note. Demand, \$140. Amelia B. Mansur vs. William S. Barkley, executor, will of James G. Douglass; complaint on note and to foreclose mortgage. Demand,

> CIRCUIT COURT. Hon. John V. Badley, Judge.

Herman Joselet vs. Gustav Joseph; slander. Dismissed by agreement. Elvia Cummings vs. Mary A. Winenow; slander. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

Hon, William Irvin, Judge. State vs. Michael C. Boyle; assault and battery. Found guilty and fined \$10.

CRIMINAL COURT.

TAKING THE CENSUS.

How the Government Will Profit in 1890 by the Mistakes of 1880. Chicago News

A Republican will take the census of 1890, and Republicans will agree reforehand that it will be taken conscientiously and intelligently. They refer with a good deal of sarcasm and bitterness to the manner in which the last census was taken, and to the peculiar methods employed by Mr. Walker, who is not likely to be selected again to perform the duty. Had Mr. Cleveland been re-elected in all probability Mr. Carroll D. Wright would have been selected as Census Commissioner. Who the coming man will be under the Republican administration will not be developed for a year or more, but the position is of such importance and universal concern that great public interest attaches to

A centleman familiar with the affairs of the census office tells of the difficulties surrounding its management and the uncertainty of the time necessary to do the work and the vast expense attending it when it is made comprehensive. "If I were selected to do the work," said he, "I would not estimate in advance what it would cost, but I would say to the authorities to give me so much to begin on, and I would do with it the best I could, and when the sum was exhausted I would endeavor to tell them how much more would be necessary. No man can tell what the census will cost, with the marvelous growth of the country, the development of varied interests and the increase of population in every State and Tergitory. It is labor, even the magnitude of which is almost incalculable."

iere the gentleman referred to the manner

in which the work of taking the census of 1880

was awarded. The committee authorized to ap-

point the commissioner, had recommendations

for both Mr. Walker and Kennedy. They were

directed to prepare schemes, which they did,

both practically alike. Mr. Kennedy was asked

what his plan would cost, and he said \$8,000,000.

Walker got the job. He used up the \$3,000,000

in a little over six months, and had not yet enumerated the population; and when he came before the committee for an additional appropriation he said \$500,000 more would be enough to complete the work. He got this \$500,000, and in a very short time that was all gone, and the work contemplated was not half done. And so it went from one half year to another, more money being called for each time until the appropriation committee became disgusted and did not want to hear mny more about it. The time came, in fact, when the funds were all exhausted and the census officers were compelled to evade the law against anticipating appropriations by issuing to employes certificates of work performed, which were bawked about the streets of New York and Washington and discounted by brokers for the accommodation of the unfortunate holders. The number of volumes necessary to perfect the census is unknown. It will remain unknown by the people for some time, as the census taken in 1880 has never been finished and several sections of the editions are still in the hands of the printers. There are separate books on population, nativity, age, sex, religion and occupation; on employes in mines and industries, mechanical and agricultural, and the extent of manufacturing; the kinds and numbers of live stock in the country; the farmng and dairy products; the output of mines, and the value of oars, coal, oil, gas, etc.; everything that pertains to the manner in which citizens earn a livelihood; all about children of school age or younger; criminal statistics of every available nature, and data about the insane, the deaf mutes, and the blind. The next census will be much more voluminous than the one now in course of completion, and the commissioner who undertakes its completion will be entitled to the prayers of the ordinary citizen that he may survive the ordeal and not remain in office until the appointment of his successor.

Advertising and Its Origin. American Notes and Queries. What is advertising?

The art of exciting curiosity. What is curiosity?

A feeling of inquisitiveness, which nothing short of investigation or trial will satisfy.

Q. What is the result of creating this feel-Prosperity and riches to the advertiser. Q. Who are the most inquisitive people in

A. Americans. Therefore, if you would succeed in advertising, excite curiosity, and you will hit the mark every time. This brief catechism seems to be a satisfactory explanation of the questions which it attempts to answer. And the art of advertising is by no means a modern idea.

The Romans largely advertised private as well as public matters, and by writing as well as by word of mouth. They had their præcone or criers, who not only had their public duties, but announced the time, place, and conditions of sale, and cried things lost. Hawkers cried their own goods. Thus Cicero speaks of one who cried figs: Cauneas clamitabat ("he cried out Figs!") But the Romans also advertised, in a stricter sense of the term, by writing. The buls were called libelli, and were used for advertising sales of estates, for absconding debtors, and for things lost or found. The advertisements were often written on tablets. which were affixed to pillars. On the wall of Pompeii have been discovered various advertisements: "There will be a dedication or formal opening of baths. The company attending are promised slaughter of wild beasts, athletic games, perfume sprinkling, and awn ings to keep off the sun." One other mode of public announcement employed by the Romans should be mentioned, and that was by signs suspended or painted on the wall. Thus a suspended shield served as a sign of a tavern; and nuisances were prohibited by a painting of two sacred serpents. Advertisements in newspapers, as now published, were not general in England until the commencement of the eighteenth century.

Giving the Boys a Chance.

Chicago Inter Ocean. General Harrison lets the other fellows do the

Real Estate Transfers. Instruments filed for record in the recorder's office

of Marion county, Indiana, for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 P. M., Nov. 26, 1888, as furnished by Elliott & Butler, abstracters of titles, Room 23, Ætna

John J. Wenner to Annie and Minnie San-ders, part of lot 14, in Brown's subdi-dition to Haughville.

Henry Willson to Elizabeth Willson, the west half of the west half, of the north-400.00 west quarter, section 24, township 15 2,100.00 the northeast quarter, section 12, town-300.00 lot 21, in Brouse & Co.'s subdivision of 

300.00 John West's subdivision..... Chas. E. Loucks to Harry Mayhew, lots 17 and 18, in block 40, in John C. Burton's North Indianapalis addition... 630.00 John S. Spann et al. to Linza Burchett, the east balf of lot 505, in Spann & Co.'s second Woodlawn addition..... 450.00 John S. Spann et al. to Edwin Lazenby. the west half of lot 505, in Spann & Co.'s second Woodlawn addition...... Willis O. Winn to James M. Belnap, part of the west half, of the northwest quarter, section 28, township 16 north, of range 3 east... Henry W. Bennett to Gilbert D. Bennett,

lots 24, 25 and 26, in Walker's East Woodlawn addition; also, lot 73, in Woodruff's subdivision of B. F. Mor-W. Reid, part of the west half of the northeast quarter, section 18, township Elizabeth Johnson to Margaret Anderson, lot 23, in E. T. Fletcher's subdivision and addition to Brightwood .....

Conveyances, 13; consideration ...... \$13,321.98 For Coughs and Throat Disorders Use Brown's Bronchial Troches .- "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except 1 think better of that which I began thinking well of."--Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in

THE WONDERFUL CARLSBAD SPRINGS.

An Eminent Physician Reads a Paper of Great Interest Before the Interna-

tional Medical Congress. At the Ninth International Medical Congress, Dr. A. L. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, read a paper stating that out of thirty cases treated with Carlsbad Water and the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt for chronic constination, hypochondria, disease of the liver and kidneys, jaundice, adiposis, diabetes, dropsy from valvular heart disease, dyspensia, catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, ulcer of the stomach or spleen, children with marasmus, gout, rheumatism of the joints, gravel, etc., twenty-six were entirely cured, three much improved, and one not treated long enough. Average time of treatment, four weeks. The Doctor claims, in conclusion of his paper, that the Carlsbad Mineral Water, as exported by the city of Carlsbad, being the natural product, is much to be preferred, where the quantity of water is no objection, particularly in diseases of the stomach. Whenever the quantity of water cannot be taken the Powder Carlsbad Sprudel Salt (genuine imported will answer equally as well. He states that the effeet of the Water and Powder Sprudel Salt is to be relied upon, independently of any adjuncts of treatment, such as diet and exercise, etc. "My experi-ence with the genuine imported Carlshad Salt in pow-der form has been such that I may truly say that no remedy which I have employed, has given me as much pleasure and profit as this particular one." The dose of Salt is a tenspoonful three times a day dissolved in water. The GENUINE article is bottled under the supervision of the city of Carlsbad, and has the seal of the city, and the signature of Eisner & Mendelson Co. on the neck of every bottle. All others are worthless imitations. The genuine is never sold in bulk. Dr. Toboldt's paper and table of cases mailed to any address upon application to the agents of the Carlsbad Spring, Eisner & Mendelson Company, 6 Barclay Street, New York. For sale by all druggists. The genuine Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

has the signature of "JOHANN HOFF" and "MORITZ EISNER," on the neck of every bottle. It is the best nutritive tonic in convalescence, dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated. Beware of imitations. Ets. NER & MENDELSON Co. Sole Agents. For sale by all druggists.

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home. .

They will dye everything. They are sold every-where. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by F. A. Bryan, druggist, cor. Mass. ave. and Vermont st.; Herman E. Frauer, apothecary, 246 E. Washington st.; T. C. French, Masonic Temple Drug Store, cor. Tenn. and Washington sts.; Otto Schopp, druggist and apothecary, 302 S. Illinois st.; Jno. W. Scott, druggist.

10 To perfect a cure, you must remove the cause, WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE or LIME AND SODA supplies the system with Oxydizable Phosphorus, the deficiency of which is the proximate cause of Consumption. For Conglis. Broachitis, Weak Lungs, Night Sweats, and all Throat Diseases, it is an unequalled remedy. Sold by Druggists, \$1 per bottle. Recommended by Physicians. Send for circular. WINCHESTER & CO., (hemists, 163 Wilnam Street, N. Y.

nection we wish to say that we believe that the public will not forget the Price Baking Powder Company's effort, heroic and single-handed as it was, to bring the bread tainters of the world to exposure and conviction. The issue of their war was purity in human diet, and the decision of the National Food Analysts was that Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder was the one they could recommend to general family use, being free from ammonia, lime and all drug taint.

Exposure and Conviction.

The information contained in the report made by the

hygienic authorities of the Nation on food adulteration

is not only valuable but suggestive. The people of this

country are getting to a point where they will not much

longer brook the trifling with adulterators. In this con-

EDUCATIONAL.

CT. JOHN'S ACADEMY, WEST MARYLAND ST., Indianapolis, Ind. Boarding and Day School conducted by Sisters of Providence. Full particulars given in the annual catalogue, for which address SISTER SUPERIOR.

(Established 1850.) INDIANAPOLIS (Reorganized 1885.) SUSINESS UNIVERSIT W N. Penn. St., When Block, Opp. Postoffice.

REDMAN, HEEB & OSBORN, Principals and Proprietors. Best facilities for Business, Snort-hand, Penman ship, English and Actual Business Training. Individual instruction. Educate for profit—least expensive in time and money. Graduates hold lucrative positions. Day and Night School. Enter now. Call at University office, 31 When Block. Elegant Catalogue Free.

BRUSHBRILLIANCY

Arc and Incandescence

For particulars address

BRUSH ELECTRIC COMPANY. CLEVELAND, OHIO

72 W. Market st.-Cyclorama Place-Telephone 216.

TUTEWILER,

SOCIETY MEETINGS. MASONIC-ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH Rite-Special meeting of Adoniram Grand Lodge of Perfection this (Tuesday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock. J. T. BRUSH, 33°, T. P. G. M.

Jos. W. SMITH, 33°, Secretary. ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A STROLOGER-MRS. DR. ELLIS CAN BE CON A sulted on past, present, future, love, friendship marriage, inheritance, enemies, lost or stolen goods, lawsuits, sickness, death, journeys, etc. It sick, in trouble, or would know what to do for the best, consult the Doctor at once. 23 East Michigan street.

THE ANUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLD. ers of the Ætna Saving and Loan Association will be held at the association room, corner Vermont and Mississippi street, Tuesday evening, Dec. 6, 1888, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing three (3) directors to serve in accordance with the bylaws.

THOS. R. WALKER, President MART T. OHR, Secretary.

WANTED-SITUATIONS.

TOUSEWORK IN SMALL FAMILY OR PRIvate boarding-house. H. B., Journal offic. WANTED-SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS male cook. 118 W. Georgia st. INTANTED-SITUATION BY A YOUNG COL-

ored man, to do general housework. Can give good references. Apply to 461 North Tennessee street, up to Jan. 1, 1889. WANTED-MALE HELP.

WANTED-RELIABLE MAN OF GOOD AD-dress. Fair compensation at start. Best of reference required. Apply at once. A. W. SLEVIN, 72 W. Washington street.

WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED-LADY AGENTS FOR "A" SKIRT and bustle combined; also "B" hose supporters. OurGalesburg agent cleared \$108 in ten days. LADIES' SUPPLY CO., 287 W. Washington st., Chicago. GENTS WANTED-\$75 A MONTH AND EX-

A penses paid any active person to sell our goods; no capital; salary mon.nly; expenses in advance; par-ticulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston. WANTED-MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY OF our safes; size, 28x18x18 inches; weight, 500 lbs.; retail price, \$35; other sizes in proportion. A meet a demand never before supplied by other safe companies, as we are not governed by the safe pool.

ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, O. FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. FOR SALE-AN UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO.
Will sell cheap for cash if sold within a week.
Owner leaving the city. J.W. DUDLEY, 80 E. New

BOILERS, CHEAP BOILERS - WE HAVE bought out the boiler plant of Sinker & Davis, of Indianapolis. Ind., and now have on hand over 25 new and second-hand engines and boilers which we will sell at buyers' prices Address ARMSTRONG BROS., Springfield, O., or Indianapolis, Ind.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

CLAIRVOYANT'S \$5,000 CHALLENGE-ALL A call on Mme. Maree, the great and noted clairvoyant and astrologist, the most powerful mystic sight in clairvoyance of the nineteenth century; born with a three-fold veil, genuine seventh daughter of the seventh daughter, has been publicly tested, and chal-lenges the world. Five thousand dollars challenge to any one who can equal her in consultation on friends or enemies; on business matters, marriages, and losses of every description. Reveals mysteries, designates hidden coin or minerals, locates lingering diseases. Mme. Maree is the greatest living natural clairvoyant on earth. She reads your secret and open life, from the cradle to the grave, with as much ease as though in ordinary conversation. Her crowded patronage throughout the United States and in Chicago substantiates the famous merit of her great second sight in clairvoyance, testified to by tens of thousands in America. Mme. Maree in Chicago Sept. 29, 1888. received and won the accepted challenge test medal. the majority rules in agreement verifying the truth of her mystic power to read your life, which is the standard acknowledgement of her challenge. All call on the great clairvoyant. She will tell you of your past, you will hear your inner present, and know your destined future; asks no questions; uses no cards of any description in her profession; perfected the Hindoo charm or ancient tailsman for good luck, breaking evil influence; witchcraft; vanishing spirits of haunted houses, influencing your cause in marriage and with those who forsake you to return. Mme. Maree wishes it perfectly understood that she is the only genuine natural clairvoyant in America with the unfathomable gift of power discerning objects not present; describing your friends and enemies precisely with natural ease, and warns the public to be careful of all them that imitate her name and advestisement. Ladies in trouble call. Office hours from 8

FINANCIAL.

A. M. to S P. M. Consultation sent by mail. 124 North

Delaware street, above Ohio street.

FINANCIAL-ROBERT MARTINDALE & CO., Loan Agents, 62 E. Market st. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbot & New's Block. MINANCIAL MONEY ON MORTGAGE FARMS C. E. COFFIN & CO. and city property. CIX PER CENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN IN-Ddiana Isaac H. Kiersted, 13 Martindale Block FINANCIAL-\$50,000 TO LOAN AT 6 AND 7 per cent. ALEX. METZGER, second floor Odd fellows' Hall, N. E. cor. Wash, and Penna, sts. MI ONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW-M est market rate; privileges for repayment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 E. Market street, Indianapolis.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TATANTED-THE ROCHESTER STEEL MAT VV Co., of Rochester, N. Y., wants a responsible party, who will carry \$2,000 worth of goods in stock, to take the agency for the exclusive sale of their goods in the State of Indiana. To the right party liberal terms will be made. Sample of goods may be seen and information obtained by calling on W. C. SPELMAN, Grand Hotel, Indianapolis, Ind.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT-ROOMS, WITH STEAM POWER

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

The Most Complete Newspaper in all Departments in the State of Indiana.

No newspaper in the West is more widely or more favorably known than the INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. By the display of enterprise and strict attention to the wants of the reading public, during the great campaign of 1888, it has taken a leading position among the most prominent journals of the country, and is certainly among the best. Among the newspapers of the State it is pre-eminently the best, and Indiana readers can nowhere else find what they want in the way of State and local news. It circulates largely in every county in Indiana, and has correspondents in every town and village of importance. Its market reports are prepared with the greatest care possible, and no pains or expense are spared to make them accurate and absolutely reliable. It is the only newspaper in the State owning and publishing all the news furnished by the two great press associations (the Western Associated Press and the United Press), in addition to which it furnishes an abundance of special service from all the principal cities of the country. It has been, and will in future be, the aim of the publishers to make the INDIAN. APOLIS JOURNAL a perfect and complete newspaper, deficient in no department or particular. The paper challenges comparison with any of its contemporaries. No Indiana reader, certainly no indiana Republican, should be without the JOURNAL. While it is thoroughly and soundly Republican in politics, devoted to the interest of the Republican party, the JOURNAL will not allow its news to be colored by partisan bias. but will give the news of the day without fear or

In addition to its news features the JOURNAL regales its readers with the productions of some of the best known literary men and women of the day. Many of the most celebrated magazine writers and authors are contributors to its literary columns, making it a paper for the household and home circle. Special arrangements have been made for features of this character, which will appear in the JOURNAL during the coming year. These appear most largely in the SUNDAY JOURNAL, which is a special edition, and can be subscribed for and received exclusive of the DAILY

## ail price, \$35; other sizes in proportion. A since and permanent business. These safes demand never before supplied by other safe

(THE WEEKLY EDITION),

One Dollar per year, has a circulation extending to every county in Indiana and adjacent territory. Itis a complete compendium of the news of the week, accompanied by the latest market reports, and special departments devoted to agricultural, horticultural and household topics. It is complete in every depart-

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

DAILY. One year, with Sunday...... 14.00 Six months, without Sunday..... Three months, with Sunday ..... One month, without Sunday ..... One month, with Sunday..... WEEKLY. One year ..... \$1.00

Subscribe with any of our numerous agents, or send subscriptions to

Reduced Rates to Clubs.

THE JOURNAL NEWSPAPER COMPANY INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

## GAS STOVES

They Give Perfect Satisfaction Nearly 2,000 in use in this city. No kindling required; no coal to

from \$2 to \$16. GAS ENGINES

carry; no ashes to remove. Prices

FROM ONE-EIGHTH HORSE-POWER UP We sell to gas consumers in this city only. On exhibition and for sale at the

No. 47 S. Pennsylvania St.